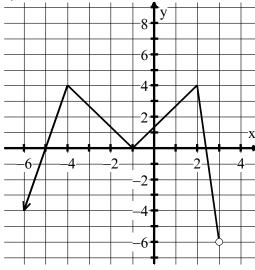
## **Practice**

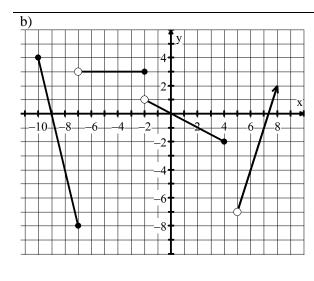
Show all your work and reasoning. Use a pencil and highlight your answers.

1. Answer the following given each graph.



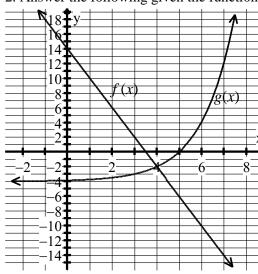
- a) Function? YES OR NO
- g) Identify any increasing intervals and their rates of change.
- b) Discrete or Continuous?
- c) Minimum value:
- d) Maximum value:
- h) Identify any decreasing intervals and their rates of change.

- e) Domain:
- f) Range:



- a) Function? YES OR NO
- g) Identify any increasing intervals and their rates of change.
- b) Discrete or Continuous?
- c) Minimum value:
- d) Maximum value:
- h) Identify any decreasing intervals and their rates of change.

- e) Domain:
- f) Range:



2. Answer the following given the functions f(x) = -4x + 14 and  $g(x) = 2^{x-3} - 4$ .

a) Where is f(x) = g(x)?

g) Find an interval on the exponential curve that has the same steepness as the line.

b) Where is f(x) < g(x)?

c) Where is g(x) < f(x)?

h) Identify the interval where g(x) is changing faster (steeper) than f(x).

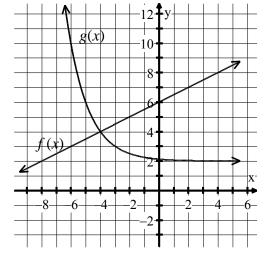
d) Where is f(x) = 6?

i) Identify the interval where f(x) is changing faster (steeper) than g(x).

e) Where is g(x) = 4?

f) What is f(1) - g(3)?

3. Answer the following given the functions f(x) = 0.5x + 6 and  $g(x) = 0.5^{x+3} + 2$ .



a) Where is f(x) = g(x)?

g) Find an interval on the exponential curve that has the same steepness as the line.

b) Where is f(x) > g(x)?

c) Where is g(x) > f(x)?

h) Identify the interval where g(x) is changing faster (steeper)than f(x).

d) Where is f(x) = 6?

i) Identify the interval where f(x) is changing faster (steeper) than g(x).

e) Where is g(x) = 3?

f) What is f(-8) + g(-5)?